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**In Case of Emergency, Call
1-800-327-8633 (FAST MED)**

Date of MSDS Preparation (Y/M/D): 2007-12-31
MSDS prepared by:
Department of Regulatory & Biology Development
Syngenta Crop Protection Canada, Inc.

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1-87-SYNGENTA (1-877-964-3682)

SECTION – 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: PEAK® 75WG Herbicide Formulation No.: A8714C
Registration Number: 25310 (Pest Control Products Act)
Chemical Class : A sulfonyl urea herbicide.
Synonym: None

Active Ingredient(%): Prosulfuron (75%) CAS No. : 94125-34-5
Chemical Name: 1-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-triazin-2-yl)-3-[2-(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)-phenylsulfonyl]-urea
Chemical Class: Sulfonyl Urea Herbicide

Product Use: Herbicide in water-dispersible granules, contained in water-soluble bags used to control broad-leaved weeds in registered crops. Please refer to product label for further details.

SECTION – 2 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Material | OSHA PEL | ACGIH TLV | Other | NTP/IARC/OSHA Carcinogen | WHMIS† |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Prosulfuron (75%) | Not Established | Not Established | 4 mg/m ³ TWA*** | No | Not Established |

*** Syngenta Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL)

† Material listed in Ingredient Disclosure List under Hazardous Products Act.

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

SECTION – 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Symptoms of Acute Exposure

Harmful if swallowed. May cause eye, skin and respiratory irritation.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Can decompose at high temperatures forming toxic gases.

Physical Properties

Appearance: Light brown to brown granules.
Odour: Sweet.

Unusual Fire, Explosion and Reactivity Hazards

This product is a combustible powder and like all combustible powders can ignite, burn and form explosive mixtures with air if not handled correctly. Mixtures of powder in air with flammable solvent vapours should be avoided. During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Potential Health Effects

Relevant routes of exposure: Skin, eyes, mouth, lungs.

Adverse health effects from exposure to product or ingredients of product:

Potentially irritating via ocular, dermal, inhalation and ingestion routes.

SECTION – 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

IF POISONING IS SUSPECTED, immediately contact the poison information centre, doctor or nearest hospital. Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you when calling Syngenta, a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Tell the person contacted the complete product name, and the type and amount of exposure. Describe any symptoms and follow the advice given. Call the Syngenta Emergency Line [**1-800-327-8633 (1-800-FASTMED)**], for further information.

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with clean water, holding eyelids apart for a minimum of 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call Syngenta, a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Obtain medical attention immediately if irritation persists.

SKIN CONTACT: Immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash skin, hair and fingernails thoroughly with soap and water. Flush skin with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call Syngenta, a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

INHALATION: Move victim to fresh air. If not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call Syngenta, a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

INGESTION: If swallowed, immediately contact Syngenta, a poison control centre, doctor or nearest hospital for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by a physician or a poison control center. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head down to avoid breathing in of vomitus, rinse mouth and administer water.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

There is no specific antidote. If a large amount has been swallowed and emesis has been inadequate, lavage stomach. Treat symptomatically.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS KNOWN TO BE AGGRAVATED:

None known.

SECTION – 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point and method: Not applicable.

Upper and lower flammable (explosive) limits in air: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature: 752 °C.

Flammability: Not flammable.

Hazardous combustion products: Thermal decomposition products may include, but are not limited to, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and oxides of nitrogen and sulphur.

Conditions under which flammability could occur: This product is a combustible powder and like all combustible powders can ignite, burn and form explosive mixtures with air if not handled correctly. Mixtures of powder in air with flammable solvent vapours should be avoided..

Extinguishing media: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or halon extinguishant. Avoid use of water, as product is contained in water soluble bags. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Prevent use of contaminated buildings, area, and equipment until decontaminated. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Contain run-off water with, for example, temporary earth barriers.

Sensitivity to explosion by mechanical impact: None.

Sensitivity to explosion by static discharge: None.

SECTION – 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Make sure all personnel involved in the spill cleanup follow good industrial hygiene practices. A small spill can be handled routinely. Wear suitable protective clothing and eye protection to prevent skin and eye contact. Use adequate ventilation and wear an air-supplied respirator to prevent inhalation.

Procedures for dealing with release or spill: Control the spill at its source. Contain the spill to prevent from spreading or contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems or any body of water. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions outlined in Sections 7 and 8. Scoop or sweep up material and place into a disposal container. Wash area with detergent and water. Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place into compatible disposal container. On soils, skim off the upper contaminated layer and collect for disposal. Once all material is cleaned up and placed in a disposal container, seal container and arrange for disposition. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

SECTION – 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling practices: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN and animals. This product is a combustible powder and like all combustible powders can ignite, burn and form explosive mixtures with air if not handled correctly. Mixtures of powder in air with flammable solvent vapours should be avoided. Avoid exposure to dust. Keep water-soluble bags dry. If the bags get wet they will dissolve. Do not open water-soluble bags. Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco use, and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. After work, rinse gloves and remove protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling, and before eating, tobacco use, drinking, or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use and separate from household laundry. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep product, wash or rinse water, and contaminated materials out of water, away from crops, and away from access by people, animals and birds.

Appropriate storage practices/requirements: Store in original container only in a well-ventilated, cool, dry, secure area. Protect from heat, humidity or moisture. Do not expose sealed containers to temperatures above 40 °C or below 0 °C. Keep separate from other products to prevent cross contamination. Rotate stock. Clean up spilled material immediately.

National Fire Code classification: Not required.

SECTION – 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Applicable control measures, including engineering controls: Ensure work areas have ventilation, containment, and procedures sufficient to maintain airborne levels below the TLV. Warehouses, production area, parking lots and waste holding facilities must have adequate containment to prevent environmental contamination. Provide separate shower and eating facilities.

THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION, PACKAGING AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT.

CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS.

Personal protective equipment for each exposure route:

General: Avoid breathing dust, vapours or aerosols. Avoid contact with eye, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

INGESTION: Do not eat, drink, handle tobacco, or apply cosmetics in areas where there is a potential for exposure to this material. Always wash thoroughly after handling.

EYES: To avoid eye contact, wear chemical goggles or a full-face shield.

SKIN: Where contact is likely, wear chemical-resistant (such as nitrile or butyl) gloves, coveralls, socks and chemical-resistant footwear. For overhead exposure, wear chemical-resistant headgear.

INHALATION: A respirator is not normally required when handling this substance. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below exposure limits. A NIOSH-certified combination air-purifying respirator with an N, P or R 95 or HE class filter and an organic vapour cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a pressure demand atmosphere-supplying respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or under any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SECTION – 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Light brown to brown granule.

Formulation Type: Solid, wettable granule.

Odour: Sweet

pH: 5 - 8 (1% suspension in water).

Vapour pressure and reference temperature: 2.6×10^{-8} mmHg @ 25°C (77°F) (Prosulfuron Technical).

Vapour density: Not available.

Boiling point: Not applicable.

Melting point: 165.2 °C (Prosulfuron Technical)

Freezing point: Not applicable.

Specific gravity or density: 0.40 – 0.70 g/ cm³

Evaporation Rate: Not available.

Water/oil partition coefficient: (log Pow)-.21 @ pH 6.9 (Prosulfuron Technical).

Odour threshold: Not applicable.

Viscosity: Not applicable.

Solubility in Water: 29mg/l @ 25°C (77°F)

SECTION – 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability: Stable under normal use and storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid: Moisture – Keep product dry.

Incompatibility with other materials: None known.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and oxides of nitrogen and sulphur.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

SECTION – 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity/Irritation Studies (Finished Product):

| | | |
|---------------------|--|---|
| Ingestion: | <u>Slightly Toxic</u> Oral (LD50 Rat): | > 1,000 mg/kg body weight |
| Dermal: | <u>Slightly Toxic</u> Dermal (LD50 Rat): | > 2,000 mg/kg body weight |
| Inhalation: | <u>Practically Non-Toxic</u> Inhalation (LC50 Rat): | > 5,300 mg/m ³ air – 4 hours |
| Eye Contact: | <u>Minimally Irritating (Rabbit)</u> | |
| Skin Contact: | <u>Non-Irritating (Rabbit)</u> | |
| Skin Sensitization: | <u>Not a Sensitizer</u> | |

Reproductive/Developmental Effects

Prosulfuron Technical: None observed.

Chronic/Subchronic Toxicity Studies

Prosulfuron Technical: In a long-term study with dogs, target organ effects were noted in the liver, kidneys and the erythropoietic system. Liver, kidneys, heart, blood, hemapoietic system, mammary gland, uterus and peripheral nervous system effects at high doses.

Carcinogenicity

Prosulfuron Technical: None observed.

Other Toxicity Information:

None.

Toxicity of Other Components

The acute toxicity test results reported in Section 11, above, for the finished product take into account any acute hazards related to the “other components” in the formulation.

Other materials that show synergistic toxic effects together with the product: None known.

Target Organs

Active Ingredients

Prosulfuron Technical: Liver, kidney, heart, blood, hemapoietic system, mammary gland, uterus, CNS

Inert Ingredients

Not applicable.

SECTION – 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Summary of Effects

The active ingredient, prosulfuron, is practically nontoxic to birds, insects (bees), fish, and aquatic invertebrates (water flea).

Eco-Acute Toxicity

Prosulfuron Technical:

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Bees LC ₅₀ /EC ₅₀ | > 100 µg/bee |
| Invertebrates (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) 48-hour LC ₅₀ /EC ₅₀ | > 120 ppm |
| Fish (Rainbow Trout) 96-hour LC ₅₀ /EC ₅₀ | > 160 ppm |
| Fish (Bluegill) 96-hour LC ₅₀ /EC ₅₀ | 155 ppm |
| Birds (8-day dietary - Bobwhite Quail) LC ₅₀ /EC ₅₀ | > 5,000 ppm |
| Birds (8-day dietary - Mallard Duck) LC ₅₀ /EC ₅₀ | > 5,000 ppm |
| Bobwhite Oral LD ₅₀ | > 2,150 mg/kg |
| Mallard Oral LD ₅₀ | 1,300 mg/kg |

Eco-Chronic Toxicity

Prosulfuron Technical:

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Fish (Fathead minnow) Early Life Stage NOEC | > 146 ppm |
| Invertebrate (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) Life Cycle NOEC | > 148 ppm |
| Bird (Mallard Duck) Reproduction 25-week LOEL | 100 ppm |

Environmental Fate

The active ingredient, prosulfuron, has a low bioaccumulation potential. While prosulfuron was the potential for high soil mobility (Koc of 18-41), it has low persistence in both soil and water. The dissipation half-life in soil is 4-30 days based on field studies, and 5-10 days in water. The main route of degradation is by microbial degradation; chemical mechanisms such as hydrolysis, photolysis, etc. are of minor importance. Due to the fast degradation, the inherent high mobility of prosulfuron is not practically relevant.

SECTION – 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal information: Do not reuse empty containers. Empty container retains product residue. Triple rinse, or equivalent, empty container, return rinse water to dilution mixture, and dispose of dilution mixture as a hazardous waste if it cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions. Dispose of empty containers in accordance with local regulations. Consult provincial environment ministry for advice on waste disposal. Industrial/commercial waste may be handled at licensed facilities only. Waste shipments must be securely packaged and properly labelled. Only licensed carriers may be used, and proper documents must accompany the shipment.

SECTION – 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Shipping information such as shipping classification:

TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION - ROAD/RAIL.

Not Regulated.

SECTION – 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS classification for product: Exempt

A statement that the MSDS has been prepared to meet WHMIS requirements, except for use of the 16 headings.

This MSDS has been prepared in accordance with WHMIS requirements, but the data are presented under 16 headings.

Other regulations; restrictions and prohibitions

Pest Control Products (PCP) Act Registration No.: 25310

SECTION – 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The information contained herein is offered only as a guide to the handling of this specific material and has been prepared in good faith by technically knowledgeable personnel. It is not intended to be all-inclusive and the manner and conditions of use and handling may involve other and additional considerations. No warranty of any kind is given or implied and Syngenta will not be liable for any damages, losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained herein. This Material Safety Data Sheet is valid for three years. This product is under the jurisdiction of the Pest Control Products Act and is exempt from the requirements for a WHMIS compliant MSDS. Hazardous properties of all ingredients have been considered in the preparation of this MSDS. Read the entire MSDS for the complete hazard evaluation of this product.

Prepared by: Syngenta Crop Protection Canada, Inc.
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